

To ALWAYS be a Year 4 Writer ...

I can use a mixture of **nouns** and **pronouns** appropriately to avoid repetition

Noun

A noun is a word that is used to name a person, thing or place.

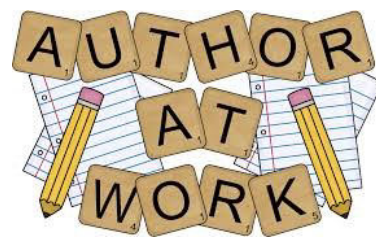
Pronoun

A pronoun is a word that is used to replace a noun.

A **pronoun** is a word that takes the place of a noun.

both	it	them
he	me	these
her	our	they
him	ours	we
his	she	you
I	their	your

Non-Negotiables:



I can use **inverted commas** and **other punctuation** for direct speech

I can use the **possessive apostrophe** to indicate possession in plurals

- If a plural noun does not end in s, add 's to the word.
 - mice + 's = mice's home
 - women + 's = women's department
- If a plural noun ends in -s, just add an apostrophe.
 - cars + ' = cars' interiors
 - televisions + ' = televisions' locations

cat's dish
the dish of the **cat**

cats' dishes
the dishes of the **cats**

How to write direct speech...



Do you have speech marks at the start and at the end of the words being spoken?
"Action!" said the director.



Have you started a new line every time someone new starts speaking?
"Can we have a close up?" asked Sarah.
"No problem!" replied Thomas.



Do you have a capital letter at the start of the speech?
Bruce said, "Sorry, I forgot my lines."



Have you remembered to add commas?
Paul whispered, "Great job."
"Thank you," replied Justine.



Do you have punctuation inside the speech marks?
"That's a wrap!" cheered the producer.



Inverted commas
Quotation marks
Speech marks
There are 3 names for this piece of punctuation.

I can use fronted adverbials of **time**, **place** and **manner** followed by a **comma** at the beginning of sentences

Time (when)

Today, Yesterday, On Monday,
In a short while, Eventually,
Later, Recently, In June,
Early in the morning, After dinner,
Soon, Before long, Now,
In the blink of an eye, Next year,

Place (where)

Far away, Outside the house,
Underneath the bridge, Downstairs,
On the shore, Under the sea,
Back in the room, Nearby,
Everywhere she looked,
Wherever they went, North of here,

Manner (how)

Anxiously, In a flash,
Suddenly, Enthusiastically,
With caution, Joyfully,
As fast as his legs could take him,
Awkwardly, Without a sound,
Like a buzzing bee, Silently,

I can organise paragraphs around a theme

When to Change Paragraphs:

- *A new character comes along.
- *A new event happens.
- *A new idea is introduced.
- *The setting changes.
- *A new person is speaking.
- *Time moves forward (or backward) a lot.
- *The "camera" moves.

Always...

◇ Improve my handwriting by ensuring that lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch.

◇ Proof-read to ensure accuracy for spelling and punctuation in my work and others' work.